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OR

An amplifier has a bandwidth of 500 kHz and voltage gain of 100. What should be the amount of negative feedback if the bandwidth is extended to 5 mHz? What will be the new gain after negative feedback is introduced?

**Unit - V**

5. a) Draw the circuit diagram of a class B push pull power amplifier using npn transistor.
- b) What do you mean by total harmonic distortion?
- c) Explain the derating curve.
- d) Discuss the thermal analogy of a power transistor.

OR

Distinguish between class A, B and C amplifier's.

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Roll No .....

**EX - 304****B.E. III Semester**

Examination, June 2014

**Electronic Devices and Circuits - I***Time : Three Hours**Maximum Marks : 70*

- Note:** i) Answer five questions. In each question part A, B, C is compulsory and D part has internal choice.
- ii) All parts of each question are to be attempted at one place.
- iii) All questions carry equal marks, out of which part A and B (Max. 50 words) carry 2 marks, part C (Max. 100 words) carry 3 marks, part D (Max. 400 words) carry 7 marks.
- iv) Except numericals, Derivation, Design and Drawing etc.

**Unit - I**

1. a) How a potential barrier is formed in a P.N. junction?
- b) How does a LED emit light?
- c) Why is the ripple factor of a half wave rectifier higher than that of full wave rectifier?
- d) Explain the working of a tunnel diode. Draw its V.I. characteristics.

OR

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Design a zener regulator that will maintain an output voltage of 20V across 1 k $\Omega$  load when the input voltage is 30-50V. Assume zener knee current is negligible as compared to the load current. Calculate maximum power of the diode.

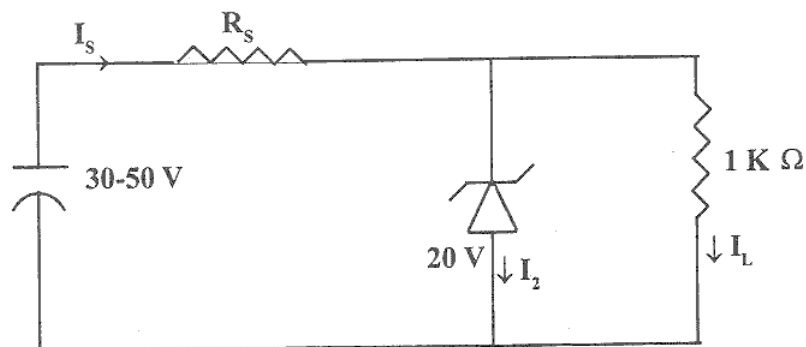


Fig.1

### Unit - II

2. a) Explain the early effect of a bipolar transistor.
- b) Define common base and common emitter current gains and state the relation between them.
- c) Draw the transfer characteristics of an *n*-channel FET.
- d) Explain with diagram the principle of operation of an *n*-MOSFET.

OR

Draw and explain the V-I characteristics of a UJT. Also mention its applications.

### Unit - III

3. a) Since the gain of an emitter follower is less than unity, what is the use of having such an amplifier?
- b) How do coupling and by pass capacitors affect the frequency response of an amplifier stage?

- c) What is the effect of the overall gain of cascading amplifiers?
- d) Derive the h-parameters of a CE amplifier.

OR

For a CE amplifier shown in fig.2, and given that  $h_{ie} = 1.1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ;  $h_{re} = 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$ ;  $h_{fe} = 50$ ;  $h_{oe} = 24 \mu\text{A/V}$ . Calculate  $A_v$ ,  $A_{is}$  and  $A_{rs}$  for  $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ .

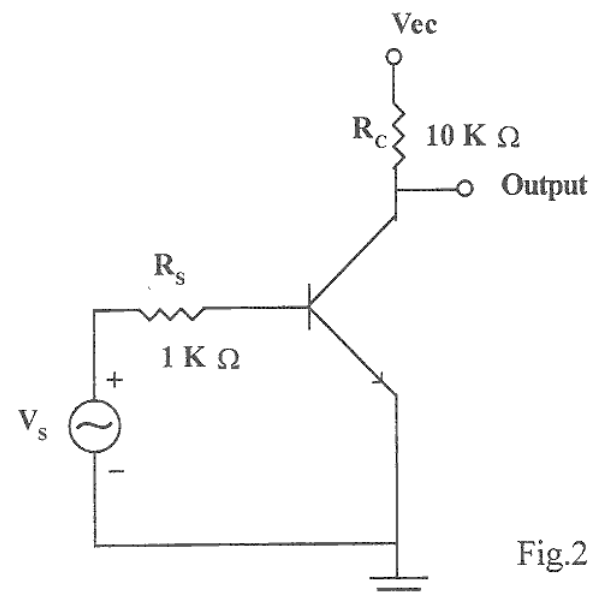


Fig.2

### Unit - IV

4. a) Explain the effect of negative feedback on gain and bandwidth of an amplifier.
- b) Explain the Barkhausen condition for sustained sinusoidal oscillations.
- c) Explain how voltage series feedback is provided in an emitter follower.
- d) Discuss the work of a wein bridge oscillator.