RAJIV GANDHI PROUDYOGIKI VISHWAVIDYALAYA, BHOPAL

Credit Based Grading System

Electrical & Electronics Engineering, IV-Semester BE-3001 Energy, Environment, Ecology & Society

Unit -I

Energy- Sources of Energy: Renewable & Non Renewable, Fossil fuel, Biomass Geothermal, Hydrogen, Solar, Wind, hydal, nuclear sources.

Unit -II

Ecosystem – Segments of Environment: Atmosphere, hydrosphere, Lithosphere, biosphere.

Cycles in Ecosystem – Water, Carbon, Nitrogen. Biodiversity: Threats and conservation,

Unit -III

Air Pollution & Sound Pollution -

Air Pollution: Air pollutants, classification, (Primary & secondary Pollutants) Adverse effects of pollutants. Causes of Air pollution chemical, photochemical, Green house effect, ozone layer depletion, acid Rain.

Sound Pollution: Causes, controlling measures, measurement of sound pollution (deciblage), Industrial and non – industrial.

Unit -IV

Water Pollution— Water Pollution: Pollutants in water, adverse effects. Treatment of Domestic & Industrial water effluent.

Soil Pollution – Soil Profile, Pollutants in soil, their adverse effects, controlling measures.

Unit -V

Society, Ethics & Human values– Impact of waste on society. Solid waste management Nuclear, Thermal, Plastic, medical, Agriculture, domestic and e-waste). Ethics and moral values, ethical situations, objectives of ethics and its study. Preliminary studies regarding Environmental Protection Acts, introduction to value education, self exploration, sanyam & swasthya.

References:

- 1. Harris, CE, Prichard MS, Rabin's MJ, "Engineering Ethics"; Cengage Pub.
- 2. Rana SVS; "Essentials of Ecology and Environment"; PHI Pub.
- 3. Raynold, GW "Ethics in information Technology"; Cengage.
- 4. Svakumar; Energy Environment & Ethics in society; TMH
- 5. AK De "Environmental Chemistry"; New Age Int. Publ.
- 6 BK Sharma, "Environmental Chemistry"; Goel Publ. House.
- 7. Bala Krishnamoorthy; "Environmental management"; PHI
- 8. Gerard Kiely, "Environmental Engineering"; TMH
- 9. Miller GT JR; living in the Environment Thomson/cengage
- 10. Cunninghan WP and MA; principles of Environment Sc; TMH
- 11. Pandey, S.N. & Mishra, S.P. Environment & Ecology, 2011, Ane Books, Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi
- 12. Joseph, B. Environmental Studies, 2009 Tata Mcgraw Hill, Edu India Ltd. New Delhi.
- 13. Gour R.R, Sangal, R & Bagaria, G.P., Excel Books, A-45, Naraina Phase-I New Delhi.-110028

Electrical & Electronics Engineering, IV-Semester EX-4002 Electrical Machine-I

COURSE OBJECTIVE

The objective of this foundational course is to develop fundamentals, physical concepts and systematic development of circuit models analysis of transformers, induction motors and special machines.

COURSE CONTENT

Transformer-I: Working principle, e.mf. equation, construction, phasor diagrams, equivalent circuit, voltage regulation, losses, separation of hysteresis and eddy current losses, efficiency, tests: open circuit and short circuit, load, Sumpner's test, Condition for maximum efficiency and regulation, Power and distribution transformer, allday efficiency, Excitation phenomenon. Autotransformer: working, advantages, its equivalent circuit and phasor diagram.

Transformer-II:Three phase transformer: its construction, groups and connections, their working and applications; Scott connection; Parallel operation of Transformers: application, advantages, requirement and load sharing; Tap changers, cooling, conservator and breather. Pulse and high frequency transformers.

Three phase Induction Motor- I:Working principle, construction, comparison of slip ring and squirrel cage motors, steady state analysis, phasor diagram and equivalent circuit, power flow diagram, torque-speed and power-speed characteristics, Losses and efficiency, No load and block rotor test, circle diagram

Three phase Induction Motor-II: Starting of squirrel cage and slip ring motors, power factor control, Cogging & Crawling, Double cage &Deep bar Indication Motor, impact of unbalanced supply and harmonics on performance, speed control, braking, Induction Generator. Applications

Single Phase Motors: Single Phase Induction motor; double revolving field theory, equivalent circuit and its determination, performance calculation, starting methods and types of single phase Induction motors: their working principle and applications, comparison with three phases Induction Motor. Single phase A.C. series motor, Servo motors, Linear Induction Motor

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of course, students must learn the foundation to the theory of electromechanical devices with specific emphasis on transformers and induction motor.

EVALUATION

Evaluation will be continuous an integral part of the class as well through external assessment. Laboratory assessment will be based on external assessment, assignments, presentations, and interview of each candidate.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Electrical Machines by Nagrath and Kothari, McGraw-Hill
- 2. P.S.Bimbhra, Electrical Machines, Khanna Publishers

REFERENCES

- 1.V.Del Toro, "Electrical Machines & Power Systems", 1985, Prentice-Hall, Inc., EnglewoodCliffs
- 2.S K Bhattacharya, Electrical Machines, McGraw-Hill
- 3. Ashfaq Hussain, Electrical Machines, Dhanpat Rai & Co
- 4. Langsdorf, A.C. Machines, McGraw-Hill
- 5. Samarajit Ghosh, Electrical Machines, Pearson

List of Experiments (expandable)

Experiments can cover any of the above topics, following is a suggestive list:

- 1.Perform turn ratio and polarity test on 1-phase transformer
- 2.Perform load test on a 1-phase transformer and plot its load characteristic
- 3.Perform OC and SC tests on a 1-phase transformer and determine its equivalent circuit. Also find its efficiency and regulation at different load and power factor.
- 4.Perform OC and SC tests on a 3-phase transformer and determine its equivalent circuit. Also find its efficiency and regulation at different load and power factor.
- 5.Perform Sumpner's test on two 1-phase transformer and determine its efficiency at various load.
- 6.Perform No-load and block rotor test on a 3- phase IM and determine its equivalent circuit.
- 7. Perform load test on a 3- phase IM and plot its performance characteristics.
- 8.Study various types of starters used for 3- IMs.
- 9.Perform No-load and block rotor test on a 1- phase IM and determine its equivalent circuit.

Electrical & Electronics Engineering, IV-Semester EX-4003 Digital Electronics Logic Design

COURSE OBJECTIVE

This course covers the basics of digital logic circuits and design. It provides Boolean algebra concepts and their application in digital circuitry and elaborates on both combinational and sequential circuits. Memory circuits are also covered.

COURSE CONTENT

Number Systems and Codes: Digital number systems, base conversion, Binary, Decimal, octal, Hexadecimal, number system with radix r, Gray codes. Alphanumeric codes – ASCII code and BCD codes, concept of parity, complementr's& (r-1)'s, subtraction with complements, signed Binary numbers, Error Detecting & Correcting codes. Basic Theorems & Properties of Boolean algebra: AND, OR, NOT operators, laws of Boolean algebra, Demorgon's theorem, Boolean expression & logic diagram. Negative logic, Alternate logic gate representation (concept of bubbled gates) canonical and standard Forms (Minterms&Maxterms), sum of minterms& product of maxterms, conversion between canonical forms. Truth table & maps, 2,3,4,5 and 6 variable maps, solving digital problems using Maps, Don't care conditions, Tabular minimization. Sum of product & product of sum reduction, Exclusive OR & Exclusive NOR circuits, Parity generator &checkers.

Combinational Circuits: Design procedure, Adders (half and Full), subtractor (half and full) code convertors, Analysis of design, Universal building blocks, Implementation of any logic circuit with only NAND gates or with only NOR gates, Binary serial adder, parallel adder, serial/parallel adder, look ahead carry generator, BCD adder, Binary multiplier, Magnitude comparator, Decoder, Demultiplexer, Encoders, priority encoder, Multiplexers & implementation of combinational logic diagram.

Sequential Logic Circuit : Latches, SR latch with NAND & NOR gates, D latch, edge triggered flip flop, J-K flip flop, T flip flop, Master slave flip flop, Analysis of clocked sequential circuit, state table, state diagram, state reduction state equations, state assignments, flip flop excitation table & characteristic equations, Design procedure for sequential circuits, Design with state reduction, Applications of flipflop.

Registers and Counters: Asynchronous and Synchronous counter, counters with MOD numbers, Down counter, UP/DOWN counter, propagation delay in ripple counter, programmable counter, Presettable counter, BCD counter, cascading, counter applications, Decoding in counter, Decoding glitches, Ring Counter, Johnson counter, Rotate left & Rotate right counter, Registers – Buffer, Shift left, shift right, shift left/Right registers, parallel in parallel out, serial in serial out, parallel in serial out, serial in parallel out registers.Random Access Memory, Timing waveform, Memory Decoding, Internal Construction, Coincident decoding, Addressmultiplexing, Read only memory – Combinational circuit implementation, Type of ROMs, combinational PLDs, Programmable Logic Array (PLA), Programmable Array Logic (PAL), sequential programmable device. Analog todigital conversion – Ramp type, dual slope, integration, successive approximation, parallel conversion, parallel/ serial conversion, convertor specifications, Digital to Analog convertors – Binary weighted & R/2R D to A convertors.

COURSE OUTCOME:

Student after successful completion of course must possess an understanding of numerical values in various number systems and perform number conversions between different number systems and Understand the importance and need for verification, testing of digital logic and design for testability. The student will be able to design, simulate, built and debug complex combinational and sequential circuits based on an abstract functional specification.

EVALUATION

Evaluation will be continuous an integral part of the class as well through external assessment. Laboratory assessment will be based on external assessment, assignments, presentations, and interview of each candidate.

References:

- 1. A. Anand Kumar, Fundamentals of digital circuits, PHI
- 2. A K Maini, Digital Electronics, Wiley India
- 3. Thomas Blakeslee; Digital Design with standard MSI and LSI; Wiley Interscience
- 4. Jain RP; Modern digital electronics; TMH
- 5. M Mano; Digital Logic & Computer design; PHI
- 6. Tocci ; Digital Systems Principle & applications; Pearson EducationAsia
- 7. Gothmann; Digital Electronics; PHI
- 8. Malvino, Leech; Digital Principles and applications–(TMH)
- 9. Floyad; Digital Fundamentals(UBS)
- 10. Nripendra N. Biswas; Logic Design Theory(PHI)
- 11. D.C. Green; Digital Electronics (Pearson EducationAsia)
- 12. SubrataGhoshal; Digital Electronics, Cengage

List of Experiments (Expandable):

- 1. Verification of all the logicgates.
- 2. Design of BCD to Excess-3 codeconverter.
- 3. Implementation of NAND & NOR as Universalgate.
- 4. Design of RS, JK, T& D Flipflop.
- 5. Multiplexer /Demultipexer based boolean function
- 6. Design of combinational circuit forthe
- (i) Halfadder
- (ii)Fulladder
- (iii)Half subtractor
- (iv)Fullsubtractor
- 7. Design various A-D & D-Aconvertors.
- 8. Verify the truth table of SR flip flop
- 9. Verify BCD to seven segment decoder.

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Electrical & Electronics Engineering, IV-Semester EX-4004 Control Systems

COURSE OBJECTIVE

This course introduces students to foundation of frequency-domain design methods for analysis and design of continuous-time control systems, which form the essentials for industrial practice.

COURSE CONTENT

Modeling of dynamic systems: Electrical, Mechanical and hydraulic systems, Concept of transfer function, Laplace Transform, State space description of dynamic systems: Open and closed loop systems, Signal flow graph, Mason's formula, Components of control systems: Error detectors (Synchros& Potentiometer), Servomotors (AC & DC), tacho-generators, power amplifier, steeper motors.

Time – domain analysis of closed loop systems: Test signals, time response of first and second order systems, Time domain performance specifications, Steady state error & error constants Feedback control actions: Proportional, derivative and integral control.

Solution of state equation: Eigen values & eigenvectors digitalization state transitive matrix, stability Routh-Hurwitz stability analysis.

Characteristics equation of closed loop system root loci, construction of loci, Effect of adding, poles and Zeros on the loci, Stability by root loci.

Frequency, Domain analysis, Bode plots, Effect of adding, poles and Zeros, Polar plot, Nyquist stability analysis, Relative stability: Gain and phase margins.

Design of control systems with PD/PI/PID Control in time domain and Frequency domain, lead-lag, Lag-lead compensation, Design of compensating networks

COURSE OUTCOME

After successful completion of course, Students are expected to possess an in-depth understanding andknowledge about the practical control system designs.

EVALUATION

Evaluation will be continuous an integral part of the class as well through external assessment. Laboratory assessment will be based on external assessment, assignments, presentations, and interview of each candidate.

REFERENCES

- 1. B.C. Kuo and FaridGolnaraghi, 'Automatic Control Systems', Wiley India.
- 2. M. Gopal, 'Control system engineering', McGraw Hill
- 3. K. Ogata, 'Modern Control Engineering', Pearson
- 4. D. Roy, Chaudhary, 'Modern Control Systems', PHI.
- 5. S. Salivahanan, R. Rengaraj, G.R. Venkatakrishnan, 'Control System Engineering', Pearson.
- 6. Stefani ShahianSavant, Hostetter, 'Design of feedback control systems' Oxford
- 7. B.S.Manke, Control system Engineering, Khanna Publishers

List of experiments (Expandable)

- 1. Time response of second order system.
- 2. Characteristics of Synchros.
- 3. Effect of feedback on servomotors.
- 4. Determination of transfer function of A-C servomotor
- 5. Determination of transfer function of D-C motor.
- 6. Formulation of PI & PD controller and study of closed loop responses of 1st and 2nd order dynamic systems.
- 7. State space model for classical transfer function using MATLAB.
- 8. Simulation of transfer function using operational amplifier.
- 9. Design problem: Compensating Networks of lead and lag.
- 10. Temperature controller using PID.
- 11. Transfer function of a DC generator.
- 12. Characteristics of AC servomotor.
- 13. Use of MATLAB for root loci and Bode plots of type-1, type-2 systems.
- 14. Study of analog computer and simulation of 1st orderand 2nd order dynamic equations.
- 15. Formulation of proportional control on 1st order and 2nd order dynamic systems.
- 16. Feedback control of 3rd order dynamic Systems
- 17. Study of lead and lag compensating networks.
- 18. Effect of adding poles & zeros on root loci and bode plots of type-1, type-2 systems through MATLAB.

Electrical & Electronics Engineering, IV-Semester EX-4005 Power System-I

COURSE OBJECTIVE

The objective of this course is to get an overview of the power systems and its changing landscape. It covers the characteristics of various power system loads, analysis of transmission line along with its performance.

COURSE CONTENT

An overview of Electrical Energy Generation General background, structure and components of power network. Power generation – Introduction to conventional, non-conventional & distributed generation, Effect of transmission voltage on power system economy. Selection of size of feeder. Comparison of isolated versus interconnected power system. Problems associated with modern large interconnected power system. Power Plant Economics - Load curves, base load, peak load, load factor, demand factor, diversity factor, capacity factor, utilization factor, cost of electricity, capital cost, fuel and operation cost.

Transmission Line Components & Under Ground Cabling:

Inductance resistance and capacitance of transmission line, Calculation of inductance for 1- Φ and 3- Φ , Single and double circuit line, Concept of GMR and GMD, Symmetrical &

asymmetrical conduction configuration, Calculation of capacitance for 2 wire and 3 wire systems, Effect of ground or capacitance, Capacitance calculation for symmetrical and asymmetrical 1-phase and three phase, Single and double circuit line, Charging current, Transposition of line, Composite conductor, Skin and proximity effect, bundle conductor. Underground Cable Comparison of cables and overhead transmission lines, Classification of cables, requirement of cable construction, capacitance of single and multi-core cable, economic core diameter, dielectric stress in cable, Grading of cables, ionization of Heating of cables, Phenomena of dielectric losses and sheath loss in cables, Thermal resistance of cables.

Transmission systems & performance of transmission line:

Various systems of transmission, effect of system voltage, comparison of conductor materials required for various overhead systems. Short, Medium & long transmission line and their representation, Nominal T, Nominal J, Equivalent T and equivalent J, network models, ABCD constants for symmetrical &asymmetrical network, Mathematical solution to estimate regulation & efficiency of all types of lines. Surge Impedance, loading, Interpretation of long line equation and its equivalent equation. Tuned power lines. Power flow through transmission line, Circle diagram, Method of voltage control, Static & rotating VAR generator, transformer control.

Insulator & Mechanical design, types of conductors used in overhead transmission line, Types of line supports and towers, Distribution of conductors over transmission towers, Spacing between conductors, Length of span and sag tension calculation for transmission line, Wind & ice loading, support of line at two different levels, string chart, Sag template, Stringing of conductor, Vibration and Vibration dampers. Insulator Materials used for transmission line insulations, Types of insulator for overhead transmission line failure of insulator, Voltage distribution of suspension insulator, String efficiency, Shielding and grading.

Voltage control & Distribution system:

AC single phase, 3 phase, 3wire & 4 wire distribution, Kelvin's law for most economical size of conductor Substation layout showing substation equipment, bus bar single bus bar and sectionalized bus bar, main and transfer for bus bar system, sectionalized double bus bar system, ring mains.

COURSE OUTCOME

Student after successful completion of course must possess an understanding of Power generation, Transmission Line Components, Underground Cables, transmission lines and their representation, conductors and insulators.

EVALUATION

Evaluation will be continuous an integral part of the class as well through external assessment.

REFERENCES

- 1. John Grainger and William Stevenson, Power system Analysis, McGraw Hill.
- 2. C.L. Wadhwa, Electrical Power System Analysis, New Age International.
- 3. D.P. Kothari, I.J. Nagrath, Power System Engineering TMH II Ed. Reprint 2009.

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Credit Based Grading System

Electrical & Electronics Engineering, IV-Semester EX- 4006 Computer Programming-II

C language alphabet set, identifiers, Variables and constants Data types, Builtin and user Defined Data types Arrays operators and expressions Simple assignment and Input-output statements, preprocessor directives writing simple 'C' programs, compiling and executing 'C' Programs.

Conditional statements and loops: IF statement IF-ELSE statement, SWITCH statement, FOR statement, WHILE and Do WHILE statement.

Function: Function declaration or prototype. Function definition, function calling: call by value, call by reference, Recursion.

Introduction to pointers, File processing: concept of files, file opening, editing, reading and writing.

Reference Books:

- 1. Programming in ANSI C, by Balagurusamy, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. The C programming Language. By Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie. Published by Prentice-Hall
- 3. Let us C by Y.Kanetkar, BPB Publication

Lab assignments:

- 1. Design and execute a 'C' program for multiplying two nXn matrics.
- 2. Design a 'C' program to calculate Average of 'n' numbers.
- 3. Design a 'C' program to add two numbers using call by value parameter passing mechanism.
- 4. Design a 'C' program to swap the contents of two variables using call by reference parameter passing mechanism.
- 5. Design a 'C' program to open a file and add contents to modify the file.